## nielsen INDONESIA MACROECONOMY & FMCG UPDATE Q4 2020

#### EARLY SIGN OF RECOVERY TREND

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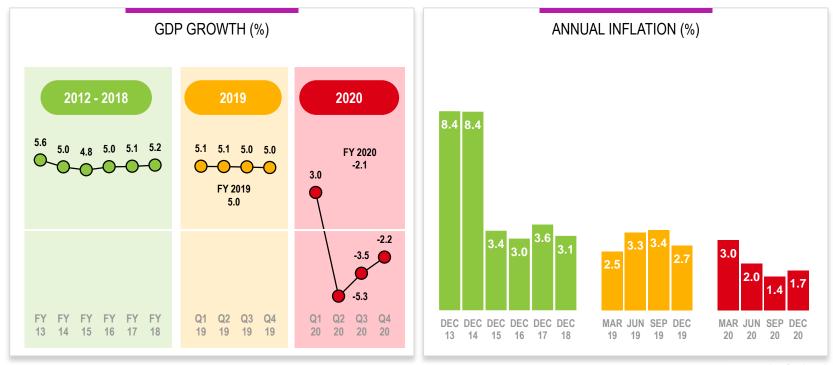
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#### THE PANDEMIC SITUATION IS IMPACTING THE FUNDAMENTAL ECONOMY. INDONESIA GDP SHRANK BY 2.1% FOR FY 2020

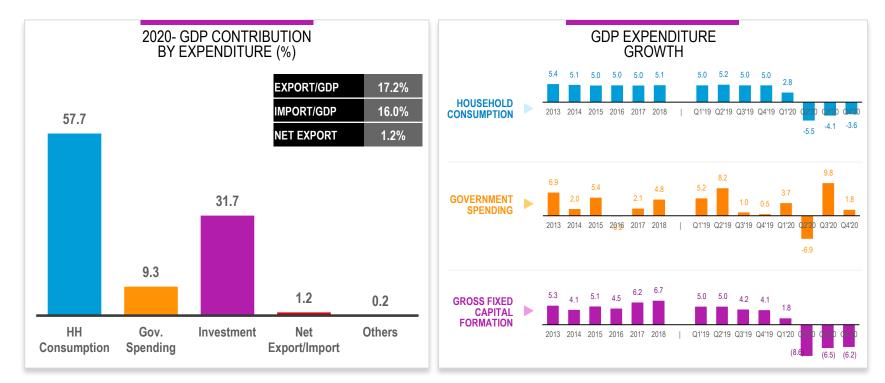
Recovery is seen with Q4 GDP growth is getting better than the last two quarters and controllable inflation



Source: BPS, Bank Indonesia \*) Forecast by Indonesia Ministry of Finance

#### HH CONSUMPTION IS RECOVERING IN THE LAST QUARTER OF 2020

Similarly with investment, while Government manage to increase expenditure slowly.

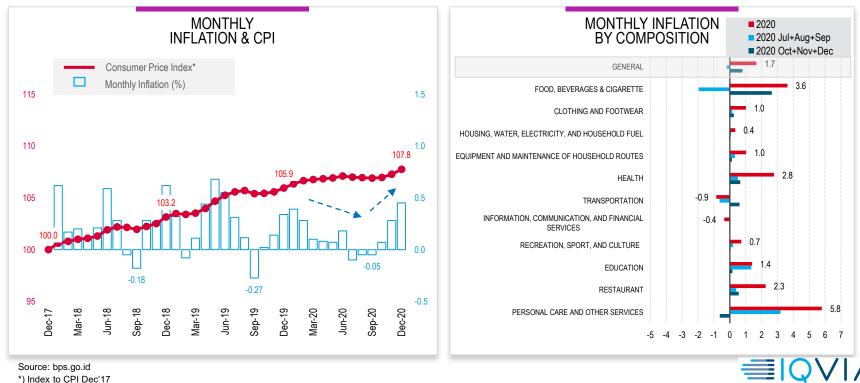


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**BPS** 

#### **INFLATION IS REACCELERATING IN Q4'20**

Especially driven by Food, Beverages & Cigarette that grew faster in the last quarter

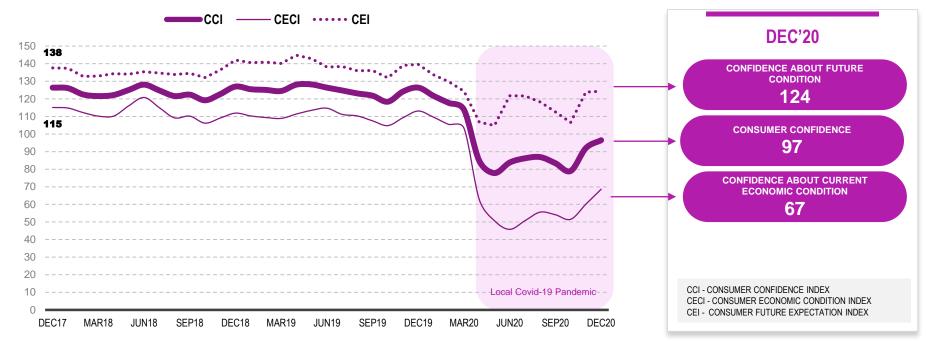


Source: bps.go.id \*) Index to CPI Dec'17



#### **OVERALL CONFIDENCE IS SLIGHTLY UP IN END OF 2020**

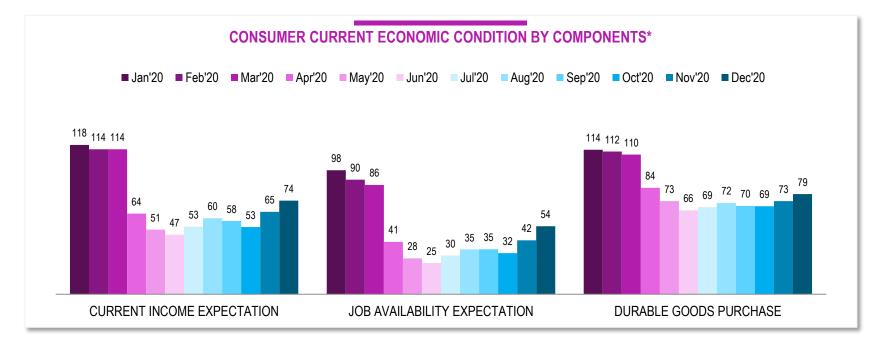
After significantly down during the quarantine living phase, Indonesian consumer starts to be more optimistic toward current economic condition in November and December 2020





#### CONSUMER'S INCOME AND JOB PROSPECT ALSO SLOWLY REBOUND

Especially in November and December 2020. However, job prospect is still considerably low (<60%) compared to the pre-pandemic level.

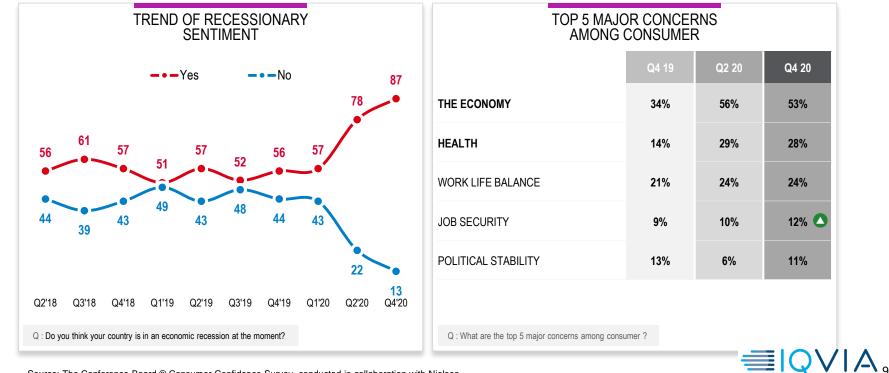


\*) Consumer Current Economic Condition compared to 6 Months Ago. Source: Bank Indonesia

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#### THOUGH WORRY ON ECONOMY AND RECESSION IS STILL THERE

Apart from Economy and Health, concern on Job Security is also getting higher



Source: The Conference Board ® Consumer Confidence Survey, conducted in collaboration with Nielsen

TCB

## PURCHASE INTENTION IS CONTINUOUSLY RECOVERING FOR MOST OF THE SECTORS

Fashion sector recovery movement is slower than others and no spare cash statement still remain slightly higher than its used to

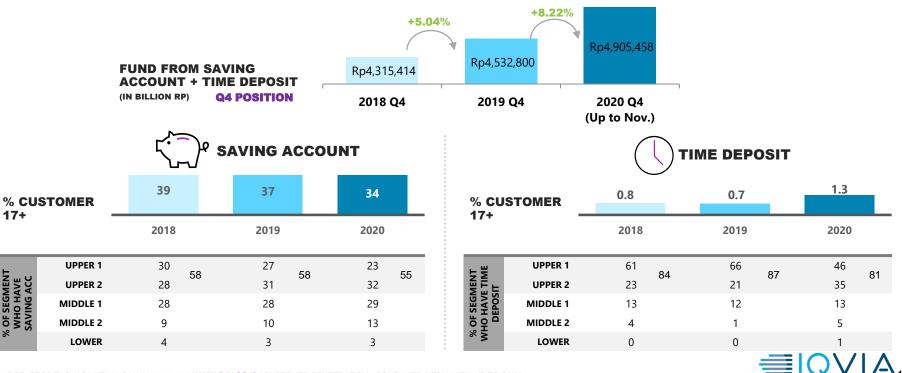
	Q4'9	Q2'20	Q4'20
Putting into savings	64%	55%	64%
Investing in shares of stocks / mutual funds	46%	30%	36%
Holidays / vacations	42%	18%	31%
Home improvements / decorating	25%	17%	27%
New technology product	26%	17%	23%
Out-of-home entertainment	25%	13%	23%
Paying medical insurance premiums	23%	20%	22%
Paying off debts / loans / credit cards	22%	18%	20%
New clothes	26%	12%	20%
Retirement fund	18%	12%	14%
Have no spare cash	4%	7%	7%

Source: The Conference Board ® Consumer Confidence Survey, conducted in collaboration with Nielsen

#### SAVING ACCOUNT TREND IN THE BANK REMAINS STRONG

Saving and investment fund (the sum of saving account and time deposit) has a more significant increase in Nov Q4 position when compared with the previous Q4 YoY.

**OJK** CMV



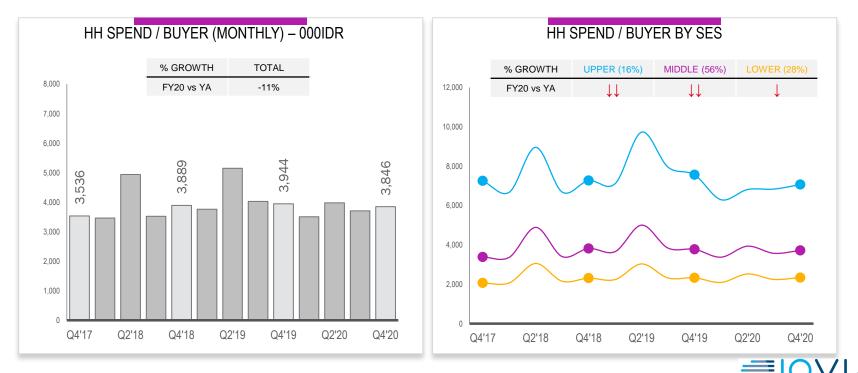
SOURCE: OTORITAS JASA KEUANGAN 2018- 2020 / WWW.OJK.GO.ID | CUSTOMER PENETRATION - CONSUMER MEDIA VIEW UP TO Q3'20

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## AS FOR SPENDING, HOUSEHOLD HAVE STARTED TO SLOWLY PICK UP IN RECENT QUARTERS

**CPS** 

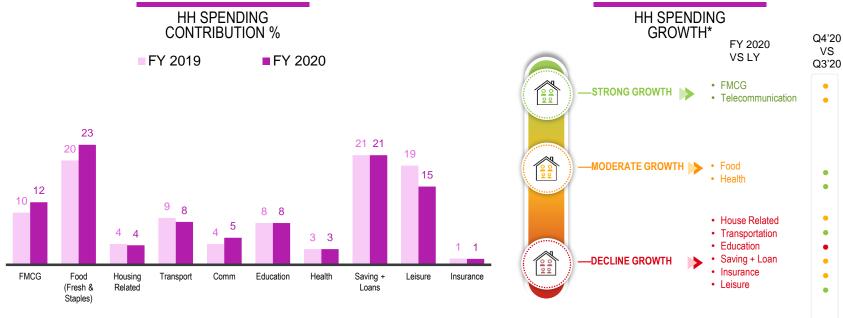
Though still not compensate the huge drop happening in early Pandemic which resulted a decline for FY 2020 vs LY



Source: Nielsen CPS Data - Additional Spending +78 FMCG Homepanel - FY 2020 vs LY

#### **BASIC NECESSITIES SUCH AS FMCG, TELCO AND FRESH FOOD ARE BECOMING MORE IMPORTANT FOR HOUSEHOLD THIS YEAR**

With the Holiday Season in Q4, HH seems to increase their Leisure, Transportation & Health spending as well



Source: Nielsen CPS Data - Additional Spending +78 FMCG Homepanel - FY 2020 vs LY

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STRONG MODERATE DECLINE between +5 and -5 below-5 above +5 13

**CPS** 

## $\underline{\text{IN-HOME}}$ , DIFFERENT HOUSEHOLD ADJUSTED DIFFERENTLY DURING THE PANDEMIC

- UPPER SES : As they have more cash, they able to stretch by spending more in each trip
- MIDDLE SES : Increasing basket size with the same shopping frequency but relatively stable in unit purchase
- LOWER SES : Reduce the shopping frequency and stock up for each trip but in total, there is no increase in unit

FMCG PURCHASE	UNIT PER HH	SPEND PER HH	WEIGHT PER TRIP	SPEND PER TRIP	SHOPPING TRIP
TOTAL PANEL GROWTH	2%	8%	10.5%	10%	-2%
UPPER (16%)	6%	11%	6%	12%	0%
MIDDLE (56%)	2%	7%	7.5%	7%	0%
LOWER (28%)	0%	6%	19%	12.5%	-6%
		4.0 AND ABOVE%	BETWEEN 4.0%	-4.0 AND BELOW	



#### PRIMARY SPENDING FOCUS IS STILL ON BASIC NECESSITY FOR ALL SES

Towards the end of year, BEAUTY category shows an improvement, driven by UPPER & MIDDLE SES.

VALUE GROWTH (FY 2020 vs LY)	UPPER CLASS (16%)	VOL = 6%	MIDDLE CLASS (56%)	VOL = 2%	LOWER CLASS (28%)	VOL = 0%
		VAL = 11%		VAL = 7%		VAL = 6%
10% AND MORE	COOKING AID, INSTANT FOOD, SNACK & CONFECT, DAIRY, PHARMA		COOKING AID, PHARMA		COOKING AID	
5%- 10%	RTD, COFEE+TEA, BASI	IC PC, HOMECARE	INSTANT FOOD, SNACK & CONFECT, DAIRY, BASIC PC, HOMECARE		HOMECARE, DAIRY	
2%- 5%			COFEE+TEA, RTD		INSTANT FOOD, BASIC PC, <b>RTD</b> , COFEE+TE <b>PHARMA</b>	
-2% - [+2%]			BEAUTY		SNACK & CONFECT, BEAUTY	
[-2%] AND MORE	BEAUT	Y				
Note :						

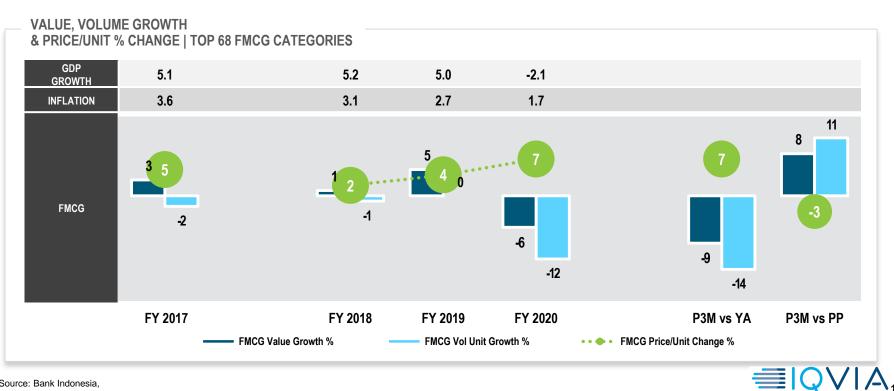
Vol : AWOP unit growth, Val : Spend/buyer growth

GREEN BOLD : better growth Q4'20 vs PP

Source: Nielsen CPS Data - FMCG only - FY 2020 vs LY



#### **RETAIL SALES SHOWS THAT FMCG GROWTH STARTS TO RECOVER** POST QUARANTINE LIVING

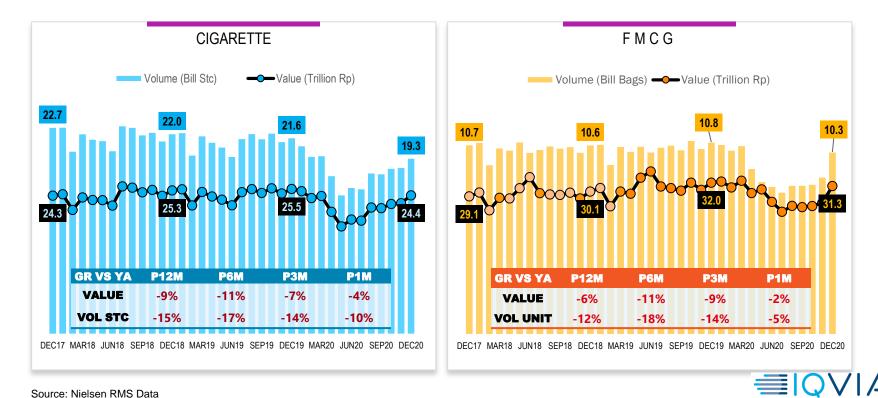


Source: Bank Indonesia,

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#### **BOTH FMCG & CIGARETTE ARE IN A RECOVERY PERIOD**

After dropped significantly in Q2'20, both Cigarettes and FMCG are start to increasing in the past 6 months.



#### **RECOVERY TREND IS SEEN ACROSS CATEGORIES**

All super categories are growing in the Q4'20 from the previous quarter, though still lower than last year's level.

Data ending DEC20

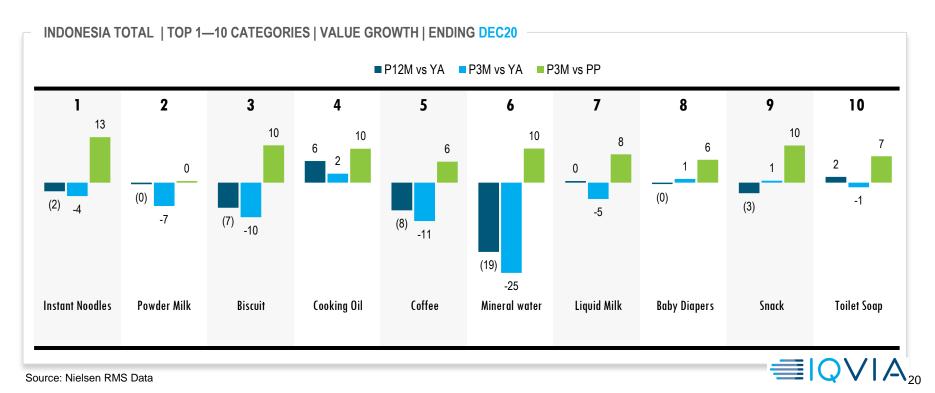
RETAIL SALES VALUE GROWTH

Vs YA Vs PP Vs YA Vs PP P12M P3M P3M P12M P3M P3M 8% FMCG FMCG 8% COOKING AID (10%) 9% 4% 3% FOOD (33%) -4% 10% **INSTANT FOOD (10%)** -3% -3% -5% 12% SNACK + CONFECTIONERIES (13%) -8% 10% -7% **DAIRY (14%)** -1% -7% 3% **BEVERAGES (34%)** -9% -14% 6% COFFEE + TEA (7%)-8% -12% 7% RTD (13%) -17% -22% 8% BEAUTY (9%) 8% -14% -16% PERSONAL CARE (20%) 8% -8% -10% BASIC PC (10%) -2% -3% 7% HOMECARE (10%) -1% -5% 6% HOMECARE (10%) -1% -5% 6% PHARMA (3%) -8% PHARMA (3%) -5% 16% -5% -8% 16%



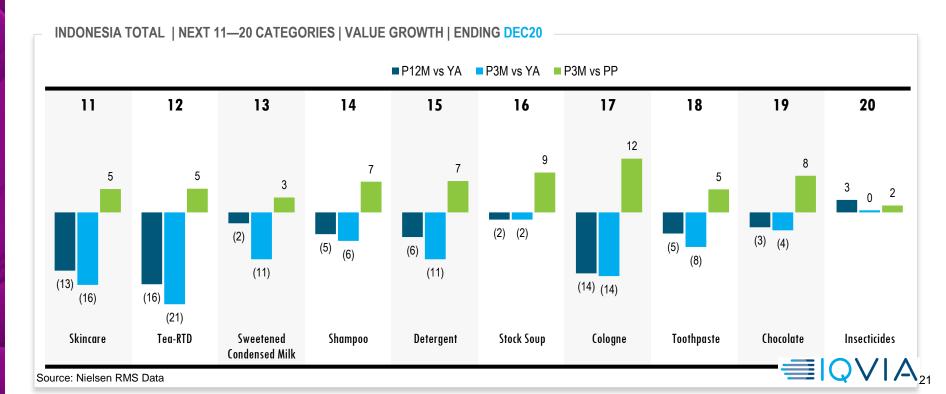
#### TOP 10 CATEGORIES : MOST TOP 10 CATEGORIES HAVE A RECOVERY TREND IN Q4'20

Including Biscuit, Coffee, and Mineral Water that were declining deep during pandemic



#### NEXT 11-20 CATEGORIES : ANOTHER 10 CATEGORIES ARE ALSO GROWING IN THE LAST QUARTER

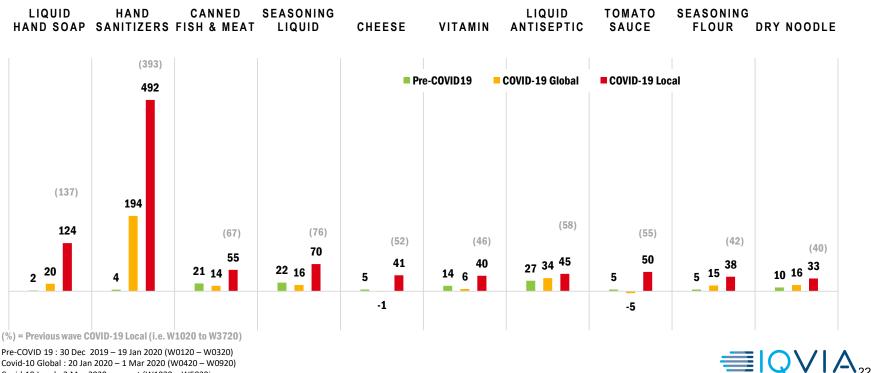
Including Skincare, Tea-RTD, and Cologne that were also declining deep due to the pandemic.





#### COVID-RELATED CATEGORIES IS STILL SHOWING STRONG GROWTH ESPECIALLY HAND SANITIZER WHICH CONTINUE TO GROW FASTER VS LAST QUARTER

% Value Growth vs YA | Total Key Accounts | 10 Selected Categories with Biggest Growth Gap after COVID-19 Local



Pre-COVID 19: 30 Dec 2019 – 19 Jan 2020 (W0120 – W0320) Covid-10 Global : 20 Jan 2020 - 1 Mar 2020 (W0420 - W0920) Covid-19 Local : 2 Mar 2020 - recent (W1020 - W5020)



## **CHANNEL PERFORMANCE**

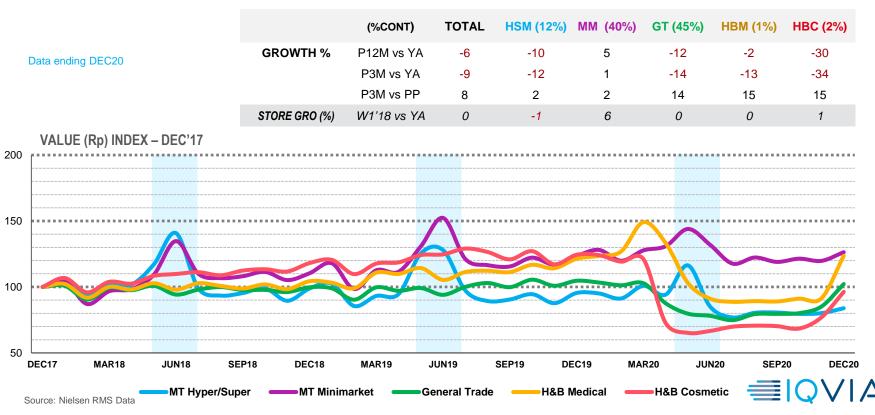


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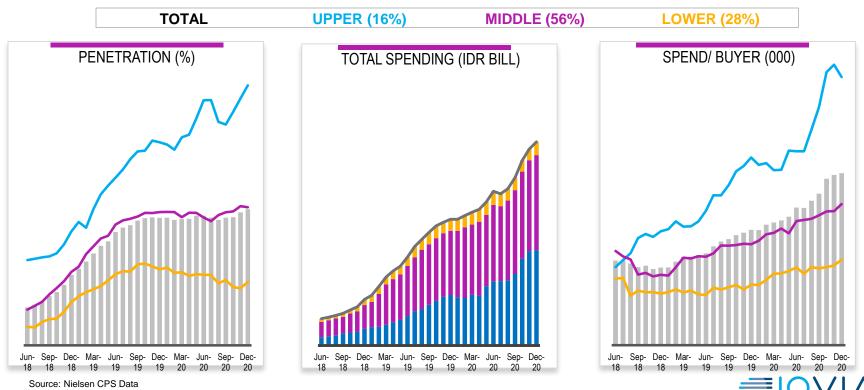
## WHILE MINIMARKET IS STILL ABLE TO GROW IN 2020, THE TRADITIONAL CHANNEL IS BOUNCING BACK

Minimarket manage to grow consistently in 2020, while GT, HBC and HBM channels are starting to recover in the end of 2020



#### E-COMMERCE : UPPER SES CONTINUES TO DRIVE THE GROWTH OF FMCG E-COMMERCE

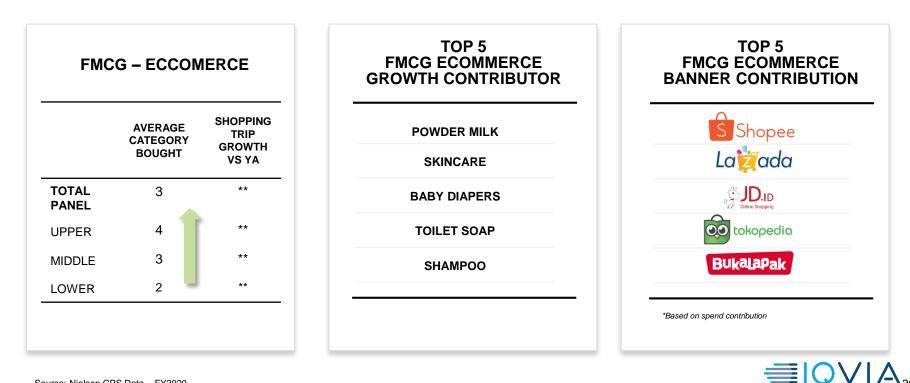
Middle and lower class are also trying to participate to some extent, even though still very limited.



\*) Penetration & Spend/buyers and TMAT rolling data

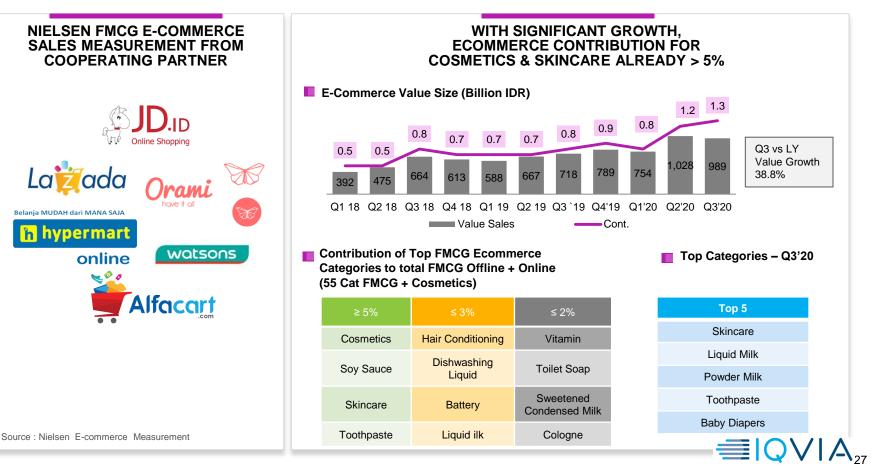
#### **E-COMMERCE**: INCREASING ROLE ACROSS CATEGORY

Household are shopping more frequent and adding one more category to their online FMCG purchase. Dairy and Personal Care categories are the growth driver this year with Shopee lead the FMCG E-Comm.



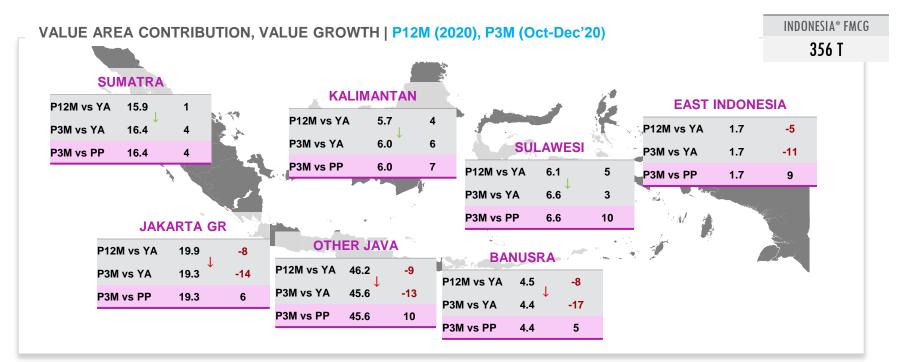
E-COMM

#### **E-COMMERCE MARKET IS STILL EXPANDING AND GROWS HEALTHILY**



#### OTHER JAVA HAS A FASTER RECOVERY TREND IN Q4'20

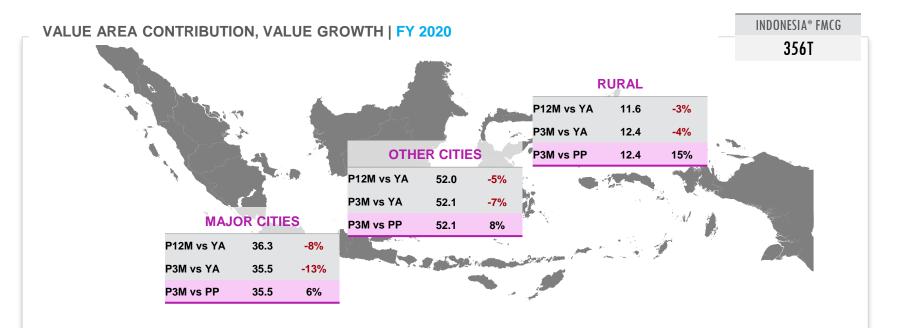
While Jakarta Gr and Banusra are moving up slower. Most of Sumatra and Other Islands regions are still growing consistently along 2020.





\*) Include East Indonesia for FY 2020

# SECONDARY CITIES AND RURAL AREAS RECOVER FASTER THAN MAJOR CITIES



## EARLY SIGN OF RECOVERY TREND

WHAT THEY HAVE IN MIND

HOW THEY SPEND

DESPITE THE CONCERN OF PANDEMIC SITUATION REMAINS HIGH, CONSUMER ARE SHOWING A RECOVERY CONDITION IN BOTH CONFIDENCE AND SPENDING INTENTION

The economy impact due to pandemic still compress the overall economy growth, however :

- The GDP Growth is start to recover
- Consumer confidence is also recovering across all sector

This situation translates to a recovery spending intention across all sectors. Intention to save money remains as the highest while Fashion's recovery trend is slower than others.

#### OVERALL SPENDING IS STILL LOWER THAN LAST YEAR, HOWEVER WE HAVE OBSERVED SPENDING RECOVERY ACROSS CATEGORIES SINCE Q3

While in-home consumption are still shows positive growth, different consumer demographic are adjusted differently during the pandemic :

- UPPER SES seems to be able to cope with the situation better. They are still able to increase spending across categories and take advantage from digital platform (e-commerce, online delivery, etc)
- MIDDLE SES is trying to maintain their price/unit spending by looking for better deal in order to be able to adjust with the situation (buying additional needs)
- but LOWER SES still need to make sacrifices and focus on HEALTH and BASIC NECESSITY categories.

Overall Retail Sales confirmed on the recovery trend since Q3 and this has been observed as well in beauty and RTD categories which previously impacted badly during pandemic.

#### TRADITIONAL CHANNELS ARE STARTING TO RECOVER, AND ECOMMERCE FMCG IS CONTINUOUSLY GROWING - SMALL CITIES SEEMS TO RECOVER FASTER

WHICH CHANNEL AND WHERE

As the consumer activity has been slowly back to normal, traditional channel such as traditional outlet, medical outlet and also cosmetic outlets has been showing a recovery trend as well.

We observed e-commerce is still consistently growing but it is mostly driven by UPPPER SES. MIDDLE and LOWER SES accessibility for ecommerce is still limited.

Specifically on the recovery trend, seems like this is happen much faster in small cities including rural area rather than major cities





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